

1. Is Darwin's naturalization hypothesis supported by modern ecological data?
2. What role does scale play in the investigation of the invasibility and diversity hypothesis?
3. Does temporal heterogeneity (resource pulsing) provided the opportunities necessary for invasion?
4. Might invasibility be best conceptualized as a "shifting invasibility mosaic," which is influenced by both resource availability and disturbance?
5. How can the enemy release hypothesis be viewed in light of the three critiques set forth by Parker and Gilbert (2007)? (page 48-49)
6. How do our basic assumptions as ecologists influence theories of invasion?
  - Do we fall into two main groups?
    - Determinists: concerned mainly with biological interactions
    - Idiosyncrasists: concerned mainly with unique local environments